Name	Period
name	renou

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## Beyond the Border

# self-evaluation

## COMPOSITION

	4	3	2	1
Composition (arrangement)	*The subject is detailed and complex. The focal point of the subject is placed within the rule of thirds. The subject moves "beyond the border" on 3 sides. The background habitat extends "beyond the border"	The <b>focal point</b> of the subject is placed within <b>the rule of thirds</b> .  The subject moves "beyond the border" on 2 or 3 sides.  The background habitat extends "beyond the border"	The focal point of the subject is <b>near</b> the rule of thirds.  The subject only extends "beyond the border" on 1 or 0 sides.  The background extends "beyond the border" on less than 4	The <b>rule of thirds</b> is not used. or The subject does not extend "beyond the border" or The background does not extend "beyond the border"
	on 4 sides.	on 4 sides.	sides.	

- 1. The focal point of my subject is the \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Using the Rule-Of-Thirds technique, I placed the focal point in the (*circle one*) area of the rectangle.

  top left top right bottom left bottom right
- 3. The main subject extends "Beyond the Border" on \_\_\_\_\_ sides of the frame.

#### **Texture**

	4	3	2	1
Texture	Cross-hatching and stippling are used throughout the painting to create shadow and depth.  Stylus pen-work demonstrates expert skill and control.	Both cross-hatching and stippling are used throughout the painting to create shadow and depth.	Both cross-hatching and stippling are used somewhat randomly (or unevenly) throughout the painting.	An attempt was made to add texture, but either crosshatching or stippling are missing.

# Circle True or False:

- 1. I used cross-hatching on my border and over my watercolor to create shadow.
- 2. I used stippling on my border and over my watercolor to create shadow.
- 3. My pen-work demonstrates EXPERT skill and control.

### watercolor painting techniques

Describe where you used each technique in your painting. If you didn't use the technique, then leave the space blank.

	4	3	2	1	
Watercolor Techniques	6 or more different watercolor techniques are used. Brushwork and blending demonstrates skill and intention.	4 or 5 watercolor techniques are used. Brushwork and blending demonstrates understanding.	2 or 3 watercolor techniques are used. Brushwork and blending could be improved.	The watercolor paint was only used 1 way. Still developing control and accuracy.	
GLAZE- A new color is painted on top of dry paint.					
WASH- A large area is painted with an even tone of one color.					
GRADIENT (DARK TO LIGHT)- Color fades evenly from dark to light					

STRAW- Paint is spread by blowing through a straw\_\_\_\_\_

COLOR GRADIENT- Fades evenly from one color to another.

WET-IN-WET- A new color is added on top of wet paint.

SALT- Salt is sprinkled on wet paint to create a speckled effect \_\_\_\_\_

ISOPROPYL- Drops are added to wet paint to create light spots.

SPLATTER (CONTROLLED)- Paint is strategically splattered.

Circle one: My watercolor techniques demonstrate skill or need more work.